

Stochastic Mechanics
Random Media
Signal Processing and Image Synthesis
Mathematical Economics and Finance
Stochastic Optimization
Stochastic Control
Stochastic Models in Life Sciences

**Stochastic Modelling
and Applied Probability**
(Formerly:
Applications of Mathematics)

56

Edited by B. Rozovskii
G. Grimmett

Advisory Board D. Dawson
D. Geman
I. Karatzas
F. Kelly
Y. Le Jan
B. Øksendal
G. Papanicolaou
E. Pardoux

Stochastic Modelling and Applied Probability

formerly: Applications of Mathematics

- 1 Fleming/Rishel, **Deterministic and Stochastic Optimal Control** (1975)
- 2 Marchuk, **Methods of Numerical Mathematics** (1975, 2nd. ed. 1982)
- 3 Balakrishnan, **Applied Functional Analysis** (1976, 2nd. ed. 1981)
- 4 Borovkov, **Stochastic Processes in Queueing Theory** (1976)
- 5 Liptser/Shiryayev, **Statistics of Random Processes I: General Theory** (1977, 2nd. ed. 2001)
- 6 Liptser/Shiryayev, **Statistics of Random Processes II: Applications** (1978, 2nd. ed. 2001)
- 7 Vorob'ev, **Game Theory: Lectures for Economists and Systems Scientists** (1977)
- 8 Shiryayev, **Optimal Stopping Rules** (1978)
- 9 Ibragimov/Rozanov, **Gaussian Random Processes** (1978)
- 10 Wonham, **Linear Multivariable Control: A Geometric Approach** (1979, 2nd. ed. 1985)
- 11 Hida, **Brownian Motion** (1980)
- 12 Hestenes, **Conjugate Direction Methods in Optimization** (1980)
- 13 Kallianpur, **Stochastic Filtering Theory** (1980)
- 14 Krylov, **Controlled Diffusion Processes** (1980)
- 15 Prabhu, **Stochastic Storage Processes: Queues, Insurance Risk, and Dams** (1980)
- 16 Ibragimov/Has'minskii, **Statistical Estimation: Asymptotic Theory** (1981)
- 17 Cesari, **Optimization: Theory and Applications** (1982)
- 18 Elliott, **Stochastic Calculus and Applications** (1982)
- 19 Marchuk/Shaidourov, **Difference Methods and Their Extrapolations** (1983)
- 20 Hijab, **Stabilization of Control Systems** (1986)
- 21 Protter, **Stochastic Integration and Differential Equations** (1990)
- 22 Benveniste/Métivier/Priouret, **Adaptive Algorithms and Stochastic Approximations** (1990)
- 23 Kloeden/Platen, **Numerical Solution of Stochastic Differential Equations** (1992, corr. 3rd printing 1999)
- 24 Kushner/Dupuis, **Numerical Methods for Stochastic Control Problems in Continuous Time** (1992)
- 25 Fleming/Soner, **Controlled Markov Processes and Viscosity Solutions** (1993)
- 26 Baccelli/Brémaud, **Elements of Queueing Theory** (1994, 2nd. ed. 2003)
- 27 Winkler, **Image Analysis, Random Fields and Dynamic Monte Carlo Methods** (1995, 2nd. ed. 2003)
- 28 Kalpazidou, **Cycle Representations of Markov Processes** (1995)
- 29 Elliott/Aggoun/Moore, **Hidden Markov Models: Estimation and Control** (1995)
- 30 Hernández-Lerma/Lasserre, **Discrete-Time Markov Control Processes** (1995)
- 31 Devroye/Györfi/Lugosi, **A Probabilistic Theory of Pattern Recognition** (1996)
- 32 Maitra/Sudderth, **Discrete Gambling and Stochastic Games** (1996)
- 33 Embrechts/Klüppelberg/Mikosch, **Modelling Extremal Events for Insurance and Finance** (1997, corr. 4th printing 2003)
- 34 Duflo, **Random Iterative Models** (1997)
- 35 Kushner/Yin, **Stochastic Approximation Algorithms and Applications** (1997)
- 36 Musiela/Rutkowski, **Martingale Methods in Financial Modelling** (1997, 2nd. ed. 2005)
- 37 Yin, **Continuous-Time Markov Chains and Applications** (1998)
- 38 Dembo/Zeitouni, **Large Deviations Techniques and Applications** (1998)
- 39 Karatzas, **Methods of Mathematical Finance** (1998)
- 40 Fayolle/Iasnogorodski/Malyshev, **Random Walks in the Quarter-Plane** (1999)
- 41 Aven/Jensen, **Stochastic Models in Reliability** (1999)
- 42 Hernandez-Lerma/Lasserre, **Further Topics on Discrete-Time Markov Control Processes** (1999)
- 43 Yong/Zhou, **Stochastic Controls. Hamiltonian Systems and HJB Equations** (1999)
- 44 Serfozo, **Introduction to Stochastic Networks** (1999)
- 45 Steele, **Stochastic Calculus and Financial Applications** (2001)
- 46 Chen/Yao, **Fundamentals of Queuing Networks: Performance, Asymptotics, and Optimization** (2001)
- 47 Kushner, **Heavy Traffic Analysis of Controlled Queueing and Communications Networks** (2001)
- 48 Fernholz, **Stochastic Portfolio Theory** (2002)
- 49 Kabanov/Pergamenschikov, **Two-Scale Stochastic Systems** (2003)
- 50 Han, **Information-Spectrum Methods in Information Theory** (2003)

(continued after index)

Jean-Pierre Fouque Josselin Garnier
George Papanicolaou Knut Sølna

Wave Propagation and Time Reversal in Randomly Layered Media

 Springer

Authors

Jean-Pierre Fouque
Department of Statistics and
Applied Probability
University of California
Santa Barbara, CA 93106-3110
USA
fouque@pstat.ucsb.edu

Josselin Garnier
UFR de Mathématiques
Université Paris VII
2 Place Jussieu
75251 Paris Cedex 05
France
garnier@math.jussieu.fr

George Papanicolaou
Mathematics Department
Stanford University
Stanford, CA 94305
USA
papanicolaou@stanford.edu

Knut Sølna
Department of Mathematics
University of California at Irvine
Irvine, CA 92697
USA
ksolna@math.uci.edu

Managing Editors

B. Rozovskii
Division of Applied Mathematics
Brown University
182 George Street
Providence, RI 02912
rozovsky@dam.brown.edu

G. Grimmett
Centre for Mathematical Sciences
Wilberforce Road, Cambridge CB3 0WB, UK
G.R.Grimmett@statslab.cam.ac.uk

Mathematics Subject Classification (2000): 76Q05, 35L05, 35R30, 60G, 62M40, 73D35

Library of Congress Control Number: 2007928332

ISSN: 0172-4568

ISBN-13: 978-0-387-30890-6

eISBN-13: 978-0-387-49808-9

Printed on acid-free paper.

© 2007 Springer Science+Business Media, LLC

All rights reserved. This work may not be translated or copied in whole or in part without the written permission of the publisher (Springer Science+Business Media, LLC, 233 Spring Street, New York, NY 10013, USA), except for brief excerpts in connection with reviews or scholarly analysis. Use in connection with any form of information storage and retrieval, electronic adaptation, computer software, or by similar or dissimilar methodology now known or hereafter developed is forbidden.

The use in this publication of trade names, trademarks, service marks, and similar terms, even if they are not identified as such, is not to be taken as an expression of opinion as to whether or not they are subject to proprietary rights.

9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

springer.com

To our families

Preface

Our motivation for writing this book is twofold: First, the theory of waves propagating in randomly layered media has been studied extensively during the last thirty years but the results are scattered in many different papers. This theory is now in a mature state, especially in the very interesting regime of separation of scales as introduced by G. Papanicolaou and his coauthors and described in [8], which is a building block for this book. Second, we were motivated by the time-reversal experiments of M. Fink and his group in Paris. They were done with ultrasonic waves and have attracted considerable attention because of the surprising effects of enhanced spatial focusing and time compression in random media. An exposition of this work and its applications is presented in [56]. Time reversal experiments were also carried out with sonar arrays in shallow water by W. Kuperman [113] and his group in San Diego. The enhanced spatial focusing and time compression of signals in time reversal in random media have many diverse applications in detection and in focused energy delivery on small targets as, for example, in the destruction of kidney stones. Enhanced spatial focusing is also useful in sonar and wireless communications for reducing interference. Time reversal ideas have played an important role in the development of new methods for array imaging in random media as presented in [19]. A quantitative mathematical analysis is crucial in the understanding of these phenomena and for the development of new applications. In a series of recent papers by the authors and their coauthors, starting with [40] in the one-dimensional case and [16] in the multidimensional case, a complete analysis of time reversal in random media has been proposed in the two extreme cases of strongly scattering layered media, and weak fluctuations in the parabolic approximation regime. These results are important in the understanding of the intermediate situations and will contribute to future applications of time reversal.

Wave propagation in three-dimensional random media has been studied mostly by perturbation techniques when the random inhomogeneities are small. The main results are that the amplitude of the mean waves decreases with distance traveled, because coherent wave energy is converted into

incoherent fluctuations, while the mean energy propagates diffusively or by radiative transport. These phenomena are analyzed extensively from a physical and engineering point of view in the book of Ishimaru [90]. It was first noted by Anderson [5] that for electronic waves in strongly disordered materials there is wave localization. This means that wave energy does not propagate, because the random inhomogeneities trap it in finite regions. What is different and special in one-dimensional random media is that wave localization always occurs, even when the inhomogeneities are weak. This means that there is never a diffusive or transport regime in one-dimensional random media. This was first proved by Goldsheid, Molchanov, and Pastur in [79]. It is therefore natural that the analysis of waves in one-dimensional or strongly anisotropic layered media presented in this book should rely on methods and techniques that are different from those used in general, multidimensional random media.

The content of this book is multidisciplinary and presents many new physically interesting results about waves propagating in randomly layered media as well as applications in time reversal. It uses mathematical tools from probability and stochastic processes, partial differential equations, and asymptotic analysis, combined with the physics of wave propagation and modeling of time-reversal experiments. It addresses an interdisciplinary audience of students and researchers interested in the intriguing phenomena related to waves propagating in random media. We have tried to gradually bring together ideas and tools from all these areas so that no special background is required. The book can also be used as a textbook for advanced topics courses in which random media and related homogenization, averaging, and diffusion approximation methods are involved. The analytical results discussed here are proved in detail, but we have chosen to present them with a series of explanatory and motivating steps instead of a “theorem-proof” format. Most of the results in the book are illustrated with numerical simulations that are carefully calibrated to be in the regimes of the corresponding asymptotic analysis. At the end of each chapter we give references and additional comments related to the various results that are presented.

Acknowledgments

George Papanicolaou would like to thank his colleagues Joe Keller and Ragu Varadhan and his coauthors in the early work that is the basis of this book: Mark Asch, Bob Burridge, Werner Kohler, Pawel Lewicki, Marie Postel, Ping Sheng, Sophie Weinryb, and Ben White. The authors would like to thank their collaborators in developing the recent theory of time reversal presented in this book, in particular Jean-François Clouet, for early work on time reversal; André Nachbin, for numerous and fruitful recent collaborations on the subject; and Liliana Borcea and Chrysoula Tsogka for our extended collaboration on imaging. We also thank Mathias Fink and his group in Paris for many discussions of time-reversal experiments. We have benefited from numerous constructive discussions with our colleagues: Guillaume Bal, Peter Blomgren,

Grégoire Derveaux, Albert Fannjiang, Marteen de Hoop, Arnold Kim, Roger Maynard, Miguel Moscoso, Arogyaswami Paulraj, Lenya Ryzhik, Bill Symes, Bart Van Tiggelen, and Hongkai Zhao. We also would like to thank our students and postdoctoral fellows who have read earlier versions of the book: Petr Glotov, Renaud Marty, and Oleg Poliannikov.

Most of this book was written while the authors were visiting the Departments of Mathematics at North Carolina State University, University of California Irvine, Stanford University, Toulouse University, University Denis Diderot in Paris, IHES in Bures-sur-Yvette, and IMPA in Rio de Janeiro. The authors would like to acknowledge the hospitality of these places.

Santa Barbara, California
Paris, France
Stanford, California
Irvine, California

Jean-Pierre Fouque
Josselin Garnier
George Papanicolaou
Knut Sølna

December 19, 2006

Contents

1	Introduction and Overview of the Book	1
2	Waves in Homogeneous Media	9
2.1	Acoustic Wave Equations	9
2.1.1	Conservation Equations in Fluid Dynamics	9
2.1.2	Linearization	10
2.1.3	Hyperbolicity	11
2.1.4	The One-Dimensional Wave Equation	12
2.1.5	Solution of the Three-Dimensional Wave Equation by Spherical Means	14
2.1.6	The Three-Dimensional Wave Equation With Source	17
2.1.7	Green's Function for the Acoustic Wave Equations	19
2.1.8	Energy Density and Energy Flux	21
2.2	Wave Decompositions in Three-Dimensional Media	22
2.2.1	Time Harmonic Waves	22
2.2.2	Plane Waves	23
2.2.3	Spherical Waves	24
2.2.4	Weyl's Representation of Spherical Waves	25
2.2.5	The Acoustic Wave Generated by a Point Source	27
2.3	Appendix	29
2.3.1	Gauss–Green Theorem	29
2.3.2	Energy Conservation Equation	30
3	Waves in Layered Media	33
3.1	Reduction to a One-Dimensional System	33
3.2	Right- and Left-Going Waves	34
3.3	Scattering by a Single Interface	36
3.4	Single-Layer Case	39
3.4.1	Mathematical Setup	39
3.4.2	Reflection and Transmission Coefficient for a Single Layer	41

3.4.3	Frequency-Dependent Reflectivity and Antireflection Layer	43
3.4.4	Scattering by a Single Layer in the Time Domain	44
3.4.5	Propagator and Scattering Matrices	47
3.5	Multilayer Piecewise-Constant Media	48
3.5.1	Propagation Equations	48
3.5.2	Reflected and Transmitted Waves	51
3.5.3	Reflectivity Pattern and Bragg Mirror for Periodic Layers	54
3.5.4	Goupillaud Medium	57
4	Effective Properties of Randomly Layered Media	61
4.1	Finely Layered Piecewise-Constant Media	62
4.1.1	Periodic Case	63
4.1.2	Random Case	65
4.1.3	Conclusion	68
4.2	Random Media Varying on a Fine Scale	68
4.3	Boundary Conditions and Equations for Right- and Left-Going Modes	70
4.3.1	Modes Along Local Characteristics	72
4.3.2	Modes Along Constant Characteristics	73
4.4	Centering the Modes and Propagator Equations	75
4.4.1	Characteristic Lines	75
4.4.2	Modes in the Fourier Domain	76
4.4.3	Propagator	77
4.4.4	The Riccati Equation for the Local Reflection Coefficient	79
4.4.5	Reflection and Transmission in the Time Domain	81
4.4.6	Matched Medium	81
4.5	Homogenization and the Law of Large Numbers	82
4.5.1	A Simple Discrete Random Medium	82
4.5.2	Random Differential Equations	85
4.5.3	The Effective Medium	88
5	Scaling Limits	91
5.1	Identification of the Scaling Regimes	92
5.1.1	Modeling of the Medium Fluctuations	92
5.1.2	Modeling of the Source Term	94
5.1.3	The Dimensionless Wave Equations	95
5.1.4	Scaling Limits	96
5.1.5	Right- and Left-Going Waves	98
5.1.6	Propagator and Reflection and Transmission Coefficients	100
5.2	Diffusion Scaling	102
5.2.1	White-Noise Regime and Brownian Motion	103
5.2.2	Diffusion Approximation	104

5.2.3	Finite-Dimensional Distributions of the Transmitted Wave	106
6	Asymptotics for Random Ordinary Differential Equations	109
6.1	Markov Processes	110
6.1.1	Semigroups	110
6.1.2	Infinitesimal Generators	111
6.1.3	Martingales and Martingale Problems	111
6.1.4	Kolmogorov Backward and Forward Equations	113
6.1.5	Ergodicity	115
6.2	Markovian Models of Random Media	116
6.2.1	Two-Component Composite Media	116
6.2.2	Multicomponent Composite Media	118
6.2.3	A Continuous Random Medium	120
6.3	Diffusion Approximation Without Fast Oscillation	122
6.3.1	Markov Property	123
6.3.2	Perturbed Test Functions	124
6.3.3	The Poisson Equation and the Fredholm Alternative	124
6.3.4	Limiting Infinitesimal Generator	126
6.3.5	Relative Compactness of the Laws of the Processes	131
6.3.6	The Multiplicative-Noise Case	134
6.4	The Averaging and Fluctuation Theorems	135
6.4.1	Averaging	135
6.4.2	Fluctuation Theory	136
6.5	Diffusion Approximation with Fast Oscillations	139
6.5.1	Semifast Oscillations	139
6.5.2	Fast Oscillations	142
6.6	Stochastic Calculus	145
6.6.1	Stochastic Integrals	147
6.6.2	Itô's Formula	150
6.6.3	Stochastic Differential Equations	152
6.6.4	Diffusions and Partial Differential Equations	153
6.6.5	Feynman–Kac Representation Formula	155
6.7	Limits of Random Equations and Stochastic Equations	156
6.7.1	Itô Form of the Limit Process	156
6.7.2	Stratonovich Stochastic Integrals	158
6.7.3	Limits of Random Matrix Equations	160
6.8	Lyapunov Exponent for Linear Random Differential Equations	161
6.8.1	Lyapunov Exponent of the Random Differential Equation	162
6.8.2	Lyapunov Exponent of the Limit Diffusion	169
6.9	Appendix	172
6.9.1	Quadratic Variation of a Continuous Martingale	172

7	Transmission of Energy Through a Slab of Random Medium....	175
7.1	Transmission of Monochromatic Waves	176
7.1.1	The Diffusion Limit for the Propagator	177
7.1.2	Polar Coordinates for the Propagator	180
7.1.3	Martingale Representation of the Transmission Coefficient	183
7.1.4	The Localization Length $L_{loc}(\omega)$	185
7.1.5	Mean and Fluctuations of the Power Transmission Coefficient	187
7.1.6	The Strongly Fluctuating Character of the Power Transmission Coefficient	188
7.2	Exponential Decay of the Transmitted Energy for a Pulse ...	190
7.2.1	Transmission of a Pulse Through a Slab of Random Medium	190
7.2.2	Self-Averaging Property of the Transmitted Energy ...	191
7.2.3	The Diffusion Limit for the Two-Frequency Propagator	193
7.3	Wave Localization in the Weakly Heterogeneous Regime	196
7.3.1	Determination of the Power Transmission Coefficient from a Random Harmonic Oscillator	196
7.3.2	Comparisons of Decay Rates	198
7.4	Wave Localization in the Strongly Heterogeneous White-Noise Regime	199
7.5	The Random Harmonic Oscillator	201
7.5.1	The Lyapunov Exponent of the Random Harmonic Oscillator	202
7.5.2	Expansion of the Lyapunov Exponent in the Strongly Heterogeneous Regime	203
7.5.3	Expansion of the Lyapunov Exponent in the Weakly Heterogeneous Regime	208
7.6	Appendix. Statistics of the Power Transmission Coefficient ...	209
7.6.1	The Probability Density of the Power Transmission Coefficient	209
7.6.2	Moments of the Power Transmission Coefficient	211
8	Wave-Front Propagation	215
8.1	The Transmitted Wave Front in the Weakly Heterogeneous Regime	216
8.1.1	Stabilization of the Transmitted Wave Front	217
8.1.2	The Integral Equation for the Transmitted Field	220
8.1.3	Asymptotic Analysis of the Transmitted Wave Front ...	222
8.2	The Transmitted Wave Front in the Strongly Heterogeneous Regime	225
8.2.1	Asymptotic Representation of the Transmitted Wave Front	226
8.2.2	The Energy of the Transmitted Wave	229

8.2.3	Numerical Illustration of Pulse Spreading	230
8.2.4	The Diffusion Limit for the Multifrequency Propagators	230
8.2.5	Martingale Representation of the Multifrequency Transmission Coefficient	233
8.2.6	Identification of the Limit Wave Front	234
8.2.7	Asymptotic Analysis of Travel Times	236
8.3	The Reflected Front in Presence of an Interface	238
8.3.1	Integral Representation of the Reflected Pulse	238
8.3.2	The Limit for the Reflected Front	242
8.4	Appendix. Proof of the Averaging Theorem	245
9	Statistics of Incoherent Waves	249
9.1	The Reflected Wave	249
9.1.1	Reformulation of the Reflection and Transmission Problem	249
9.1.2	The Riccati Equation for the Reflection Coefficient	252
9.1.3	Representation of the Reflected Field	253
9.2	Statistics of the Reflected Wave in the Frequency Domain	254
9.2.1	Moments of the Reflection Coefficient	254
9.2.2	Probabilistic Representation of the Transport Equations	258
9.2.3	Explicit Solution for a Random Half-Space	261
9.2.4	Multifrequency Moments	262
9.3	Statistics of the Reflected Wave in the Time Domain	266
9.3.1	Mean Amplitude	266
9.3.2	Mean Intensity	266
9.3.3	Autocorrelation and Time-Domain Localization	267
9.3.4	Gaussian Statistics	269
9.4	The Transmitted Wave	272
9.4.1	Autocorrelation Function of the Transmission Coefficient	272
9.4.2	Probabilistic Representation of the Transport Equations	274
9.4.3	Statistics of the Transmitted Wave in the Time Domain	277
10	Time Reversal in Reflection and Spectral Estimation	281
10.1	Time Reversal in Reflection	283
10.1.1	Time-Reversal Setup	283
10.1.2	Time-Reversal Refocusing	285
10.1.3	The Limiting Refocused Pulse	286
10.1.4	Time-Reversal Mirror Versus Standard Mirror	290
10.2	Time Reversal Versus Cross Correlations	291
10.2.1	The Empirical Correlation Function	292
10.2.2	Measuring the Spectral Density	293
10.2.3	Signal-to-Noise Ratio Comparison	294
10.3	Calibrating the Initial Pulse	302

11 Applications to Detection	305
11.1 Detection of a Weak Reflector	306
11.2 Detection of an Interface Between Media	311
11.3 Waves in One-Dimensional Dissipative Random Media	313
11.3.1 The Acoustic Model with Random Dissipation	313
11.3.2 Propagator Formulation	314
11.3.3 Transmitted Wave Front	317
11.3.4 The Refocused Pulse for Time Reversal in Reflection	317
11.4 Application to the Detection of a Dissipative Layer	320
11.4.1 Constant Mean Dissipation	321
11.4.2 Thin Dissipative Layer	321
11.4.3 Thick Dissipative Layer	324
12 Time Reversal in Transmission	327
12.1 Time Reversal of the Stable Front	328
12.1.1 Time-Reversal Experiment	329
12.1.2 The Refocused Pulse	331
12.2 Time Reversal with Coda Waves	333
12.2.1 Time-Reversal Experiment	333
12.2.2 Decomposition of the Refocusing Kernel	335
12.2.3 Midband Filtering by the Medium	336
12.2.4 Low-Pass Filtering	337
12.3 Discussion and Numerical Simulations	339
13 Application to Communications	343
13.1 Review of Basic Communications Schemes	344
13.1.1 Nyquist Pulse	344
13.1.2 Signal-to-Interference Ratio	345
13.1.3 Modulated Nyquist Pulse	346
13.2 Communications in Random Media Using Nyquist Pulses	347
13.2.1 Direct Transmission	350
13.2.2 Communications Using Time Reversal	351
13.2.3 SIRs for Coherent Pulses	353
13.2.4 Influence of the Incoherent Waves	355
13.2.5 Numerical Simulations	357
13.3 Communications in Random Media Using Modulated Nyquist Pulses	358
13.3.1 SIRs of Modulated Nyquist Pulses	359
13.3.2 Numerical Simulations	362
13.3.3 Discussion	363
14 Scattering by a Three-Dimensional Randomly Layered Medium	365
14.1 Acoustic Waves in Three Dimensions	366
14.1.1 Homogenization Regime	366

14.1.2	The Diffusion Approximation Regime	368
14.1.3	Plane-Wave Fourier Transform	369
14.1.4	One-Dimensional Mode Problems	370
14.1.5	Transmitted-Pressure Integral Representation	374
14.2	The Transmitted Wave Front	374
14.2.1	Characterization of Moments	374
14.2.2	Stationary-Phase Point	376
14.2.3	Characterization of the Transmitted Wave Front	378
14.3	The Mean Reflected Intensity Generated by a Point Source	380
14.3.1	Reflected-Pressure Integral Representation	380
14.3.2	Autocorrelation Function of the Reflection Coefficient at Two Nearby Slownesses and Frequencies	381
14.3.3	Asymptotics of the Mean Intensity	385
14.4	Appendix: Stationary-Phase Method	389
15	Time Reversal in a Three-Dimensional Layered Medium	393
15.1	The Embedded-Source Problem	393
15.2	Time Reversal with Embedded Source	395
15.2.1	Emission from a Point Source	395
15.2.2	Recording, Time Reversal, and Reemission	401
15.2.3	The Time-Reversed Wave Field	403
15.3	Homogeneous Medium	405
15.3.1	The Field Recorded at the Surface	406
15.3.2	The Time-Reversed Field	407
15.4	Complete Description of the Time-Reversed Field in a Random Medium	411
15.4.1	Expectation of the Refocused Pulse	413
15.4.2	Refocusing of the Pulse	414
15.5	Refocusing Properties in a Random Medium	416
15.5.1	The Case $ z_s \ll L_{\text{loc}}$	416
15.5.2	Time Reversal of the Front	417
15.5.3	Time Reversal of the Incoherent Waves with Offset	417
15.5.4	Time Reversal of the Incoherent Waves Without Offset	422
15.5.5	Record of the Pressure Signal	424
15.6	Appendix A: Moments of the Reflection and Transmission Coefficients	424
15.6.1	Autocorrelation Function of the Transmission Coefficient at Two Nearby Slownesses and Frequencies	424
15.6.2	Shift Properties	425
15.6.3	Generalized Coefficients	426
15.7	Appendix B: A Priori Estimates for the Generalized Coefficients	428
15.8	Appendix C: Derivation of (15.74)	430

16	Application to Echo-Mode Time Reversal	435
16.1	The Born Approximation for an Embedded Scatterer	435
16.1.1	Integral Expressions for the Wave Fields	437
16.2	Asymptotic Theory for the Scattered Field	439
16.2.1	The Primary Field	439
16.2.2	The Secondary Field	440
16.3	Time Reversal of the Recorded Wave	442
16.3.1	Integral Representation of the Time-Reversed Field	442
16.3.2	Refocusing in the Homogeneous Case	444
16.3.3	Refocusing of the Secondary Field in the Random Case	446
16.3.4	Contributions of the Other Wave Components	451
16.4	Time-Reversal Superresolution with a Passive Scatterer	451
16.4.1	The Refocused Pulse Shape	451
16.4.2	Superresolution with a Random Medium	453
17	Other Layered Media	457
17.1	Nonmatched Effective Medium	457
17.1.1	Boundary and Jump Conditions	458
17.1.2	Transmission of a Pulse through a Nonmatched Random Slab	459
17.1.3	Reflection by a Nonmatched Random Half-Space	464
17.2	General Background	466
17.2.1	Mode Decomposition	467
17.2.2	Transport Equations	469
17.2.3	Applications	471
17.3	Medium with Random Density Fluctuations	472
17.3.1	The Coupled-Propagator White-Noise Model	474
17.3.2	The Transmitted Field	479
17.3.3	Transport Equations	482
17.3.4	Reflection by a Random Half-Space	484
18	Other Regimes of Propagation	487
18.1	The Weakly Heterogeneous Regime in Randomly Layered Media	487
18.1.1	Mode Decomposition	488
18.1.2	Transport Equations	490
18.1.3	Applications	490
18.2	Dispersive Media	492
18.2.1	The Terrain-Following Boussinesq Model	493
18.2.2	The Propagating Modes of the Boussinesq Equation	494
18.2.3	Mode Propagation in a Dispersive Random Medium	495
18.2.4	Transport Equations	497
18.2.5	Time Reversal	498
18.3	Nonlinear Media	499
18.3.1	Shallow-Water Waves with Random Depth	500

18.3.2	The Linear Hyperbolic Approximation	502
18.3.3	The Effective Equation for the Nonlinear Front Pulse . .	504
18.3.4	Analysis of the Pseudospectral Operator	508
18.3.5	Time Reversal	509
18.4	Time Reversal with Changing Media	510
18.4.1	The Experiment	510
18.4.2	Convergence of the Finite-Dimensional Distributions . .	511
18.4.3	Convergence of the Refocused Pulse	515
19	The Random Schrödinger Model	519
19.1	Linear Regime	519
19.1.1	The Linear Schrödinger Equation	519
19.1.2	Transmission of a Monochromatic Wave	521
19.1.3	Transmission of a Pulse	526
19.2	Nonlinear Regime	528
19.2.1	Waves Called Solitons	528
19.2.2	Dispersion and Nonlinearity	531
19.2.3	The Nonlinear Schrödinger Equation	532
19.2.4	Soliton Propagation in Random Media	536
19.2.5	Reduction of Wave Localization by Nonlinearity	540
20	Propagation in Random Waveguides	545
20.1	Propagation in Homogeneous Waveguides	547
20.1.1	Modeling of the Waveguide	547
20.1.2	The Propagating and Evanescent Modes	548
20.1.3	Excitation Conditions for an Incoming Wave	550
20.1.4	Excitation Conditions for a Source	550
20.2	Mode Coupling in Random Waveguides	551
20.2.1	Coupled Amplitude Equations	553
20.2.2	Conservation of Energy Flux	554
20.2.3	Evanescent Modes in Terms of Propagating Modes . . .	556
20.2.4	Propagating-Mode-Amplitude Equations	557
20.2.5	Propagator Matrices	558
20.2.6	The Forward-Scattering Approximation	561
20.3	The Time-Harmonic Problem	562
20.3.1	The Coupled Mode Diffusion Process	562
20.3.2	Mean Mode Amplitudes	564
20.3.3	Coupled Power Equations	564
20.3.4	Fluctuations Theory	566
20.4	Broadband Pulse Propagation in Waveguides	567
20.4.1	Integral Representation of the Transmitted Field	567
20.4.2	Broadband Pulse Propagation in a Homogeneous Waveguide	569
20.4.3	The Stable Wave Field in a Random Waveguide	569
20.5	Time Reversal for a Broadband Pulse	571

20.5.1	Time Reversal in Waveguides	571
20.5.2	Integral Representation of the Broadband Refocused Field	573
20.5.3	Refocusing in a Homogeneous Waveguide	574
20.5.4	Refocusing in a Random Waveguide	575
20.6	Statistics of the Transmission Coefficients at Two Nearby Frequencies	579
20.6.1	Transport Equations for the Autocorrelation Function of the Transfer Matrix	579
20.6.2	Probabilistic Representation of the Transport Equations	582
20.7	Incoherent Wave Fluctuations in the Broadband Case	584
20.8	Narrowband Pulse Propagation in Waveguides	587
20.8.1	Narrowband Pulse Propagation in a Homogeneous Waveguide	588
20.8.2	The Mean Field in a Random Waveguide	588
20.8.3	The Mean Intensity in a Random Waveguide	589
20.9	Time Reversal for a Narrowband Pulse	590
20.9.1	Refocusing in a Homogeneous Waveguide	591
20.9.2	The Mean Refocused Field in a Random Waveguide . . .	591
20.9.3	Statistical Stability of the Refocused Field	592
20.9.4	Numerical Illustration of Spatial Focusing and Statistical Stability in Narrowband Time Reversal	594
	References	599
	Index	609